



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI TORINO



جامعة الملك عبد الله
للعلوم والتقنية
King Abdullah University of
Science and Technology



NICO

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

The Neuroanatomical Basis of Brain Energy Metabolism:

Investigating Neuroanatomical
basis of Brain-Energy
Metabolism using 3D models
and VR tools.

Corrado Calì, PhD

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi (NICO), Orbassano (TO), Italy

Department of Neuroscience, University of Torino (TO), Italy

King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, BESE Division, Thuwal, Saudi Arabia



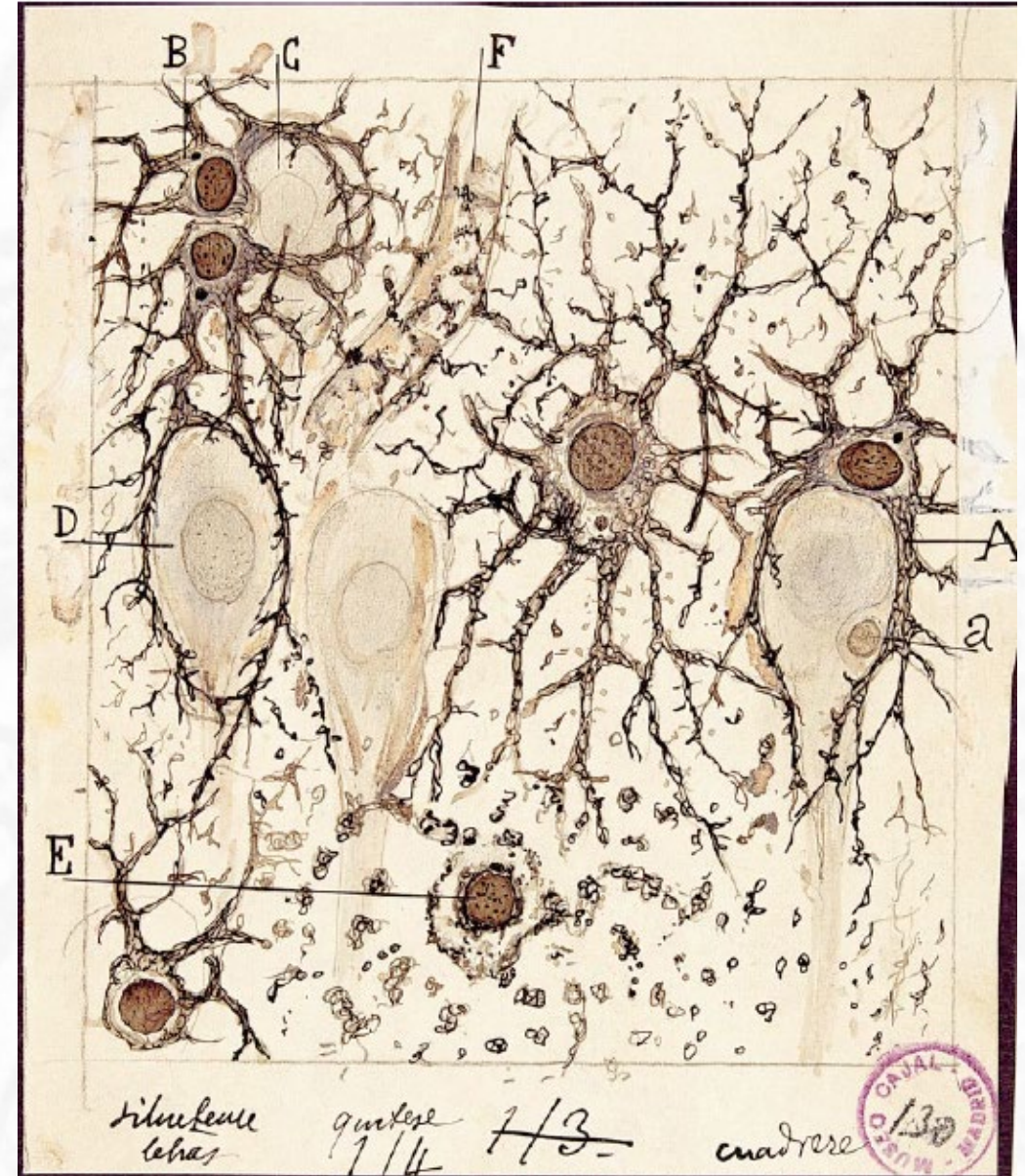
Santiago Ramón y Cajal (1852 - 1934)

“Neuroglia of the pyramidal layer and stratum radiatum of the Ammon horn. Adult man autopsied three hours after death. Chloride of gold.

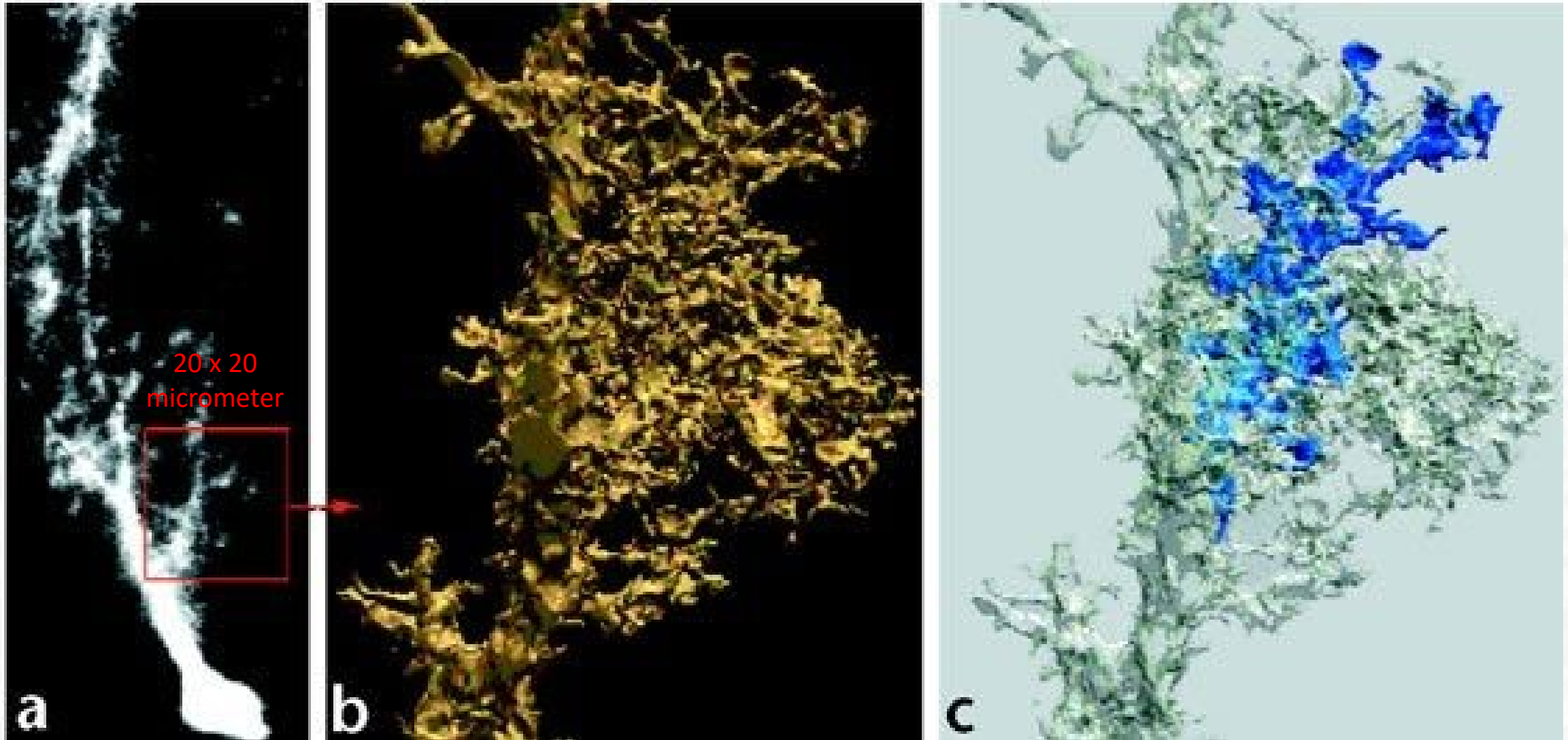
- (A) big astrocyte embracing a pyramidal neuron.
- (B) twin astrocytes forming a nest around a cell
- (C) while one of them sends two branches forming another nest (D).
- (D) cell with signs of autolysis” .



Camillo Golgi (1843 - 1926)



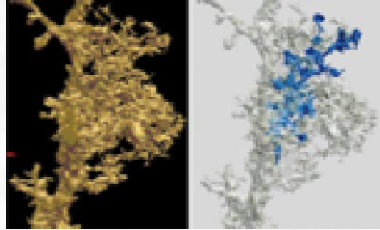
Ramón y Cajal, S Histologie de système nerveux de l'homme et des vertèbres, 1911



450 serial sections
22.5 micrometer

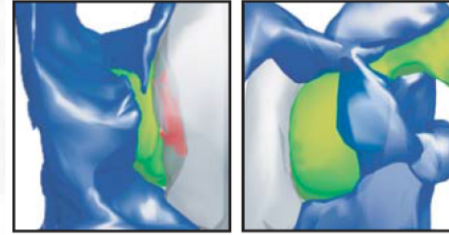
Grosche et al., Nature Neuroscience, 1999

Grosche et al., Nature Neuroscience



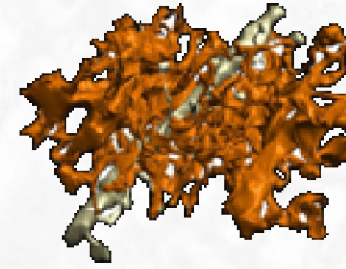
Bergmann Glia

Genoud et al., Plos Biology



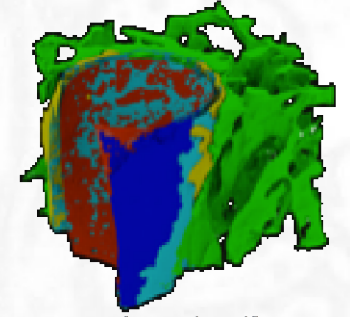
Layer IV Somatosensory Cortex, perisynaptic astrocytic processes

Ostroff et al., Journal of Comp. Neurology



Amigdala, astrocytic process, neuropil

Cali et al., Journal of Comp. Neurology



CA1 perivascular and endfoot process

1999

2004

2006

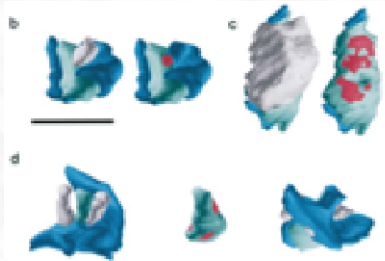
2010

2014

2015

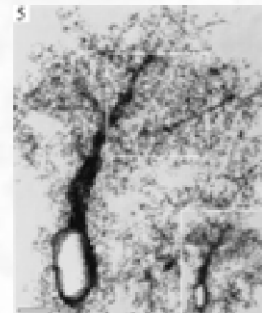
2016

Ventura and Harris, Journal of Neuroscience



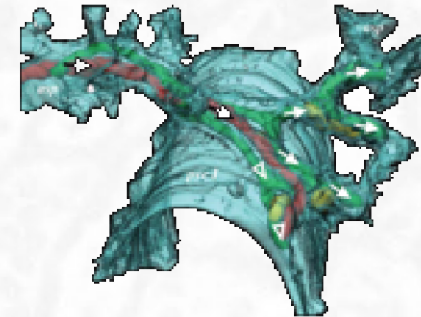
Hippocampal perisynaptic astrocytic processes

Hama et al., Journal of Neurocytology



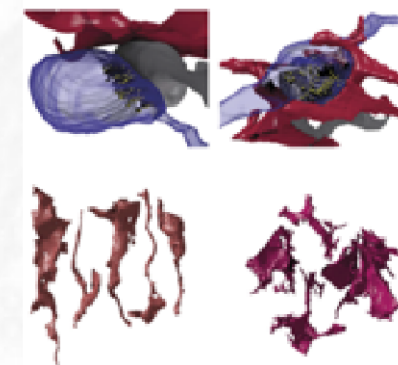
Astrocyte, dentate gyrus

Mathiesen et al., Glia

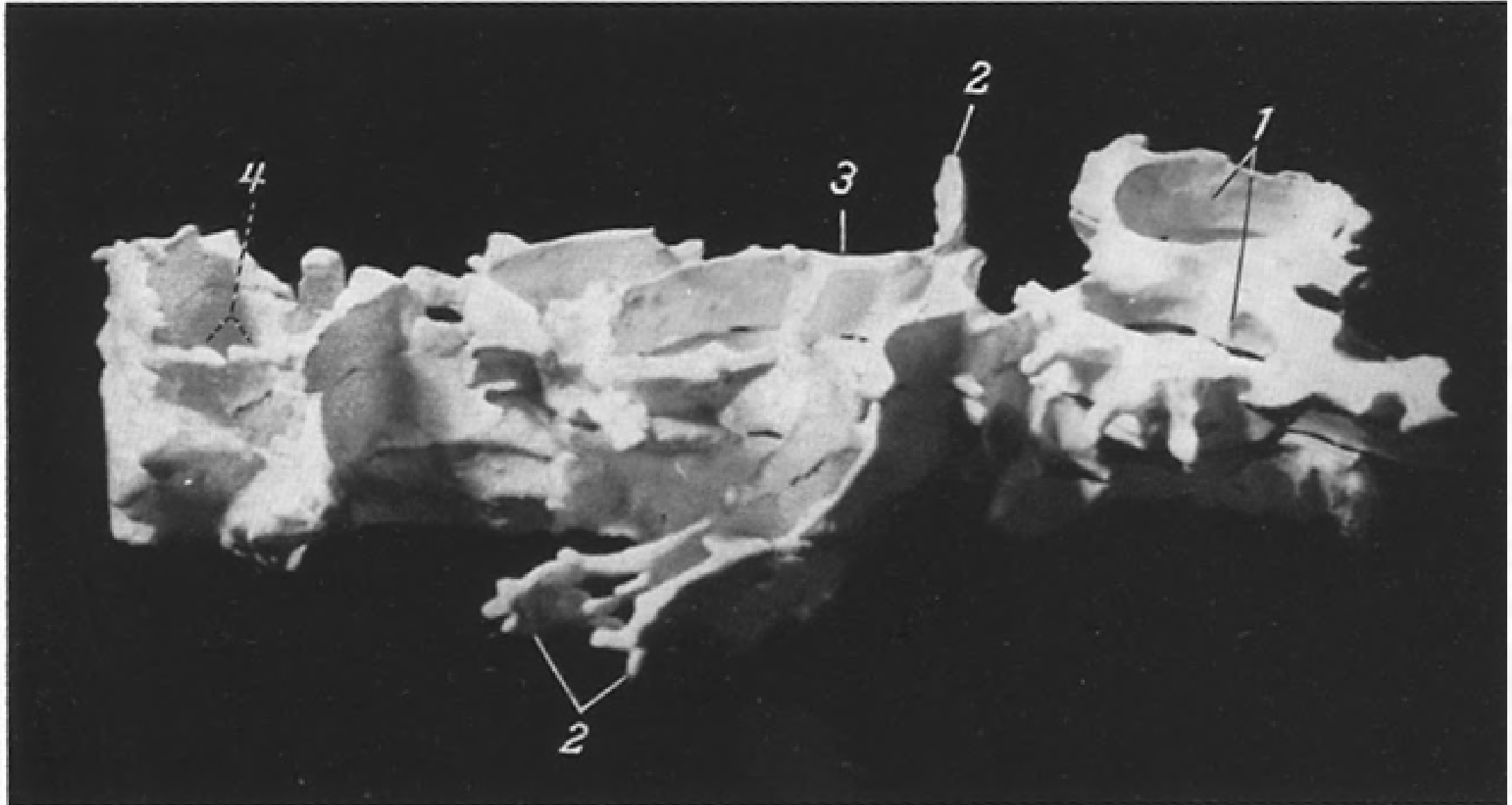


CA1, Astrocytic endfoot

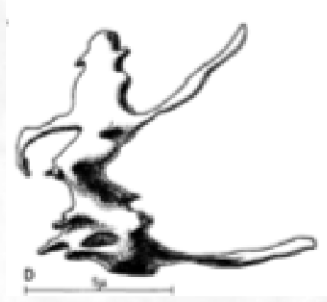
Korogod et al., eLife



Barrel cortex, astrocytic processes, neuropil



Stentaas and Stentaas, Zeitschrift fiir Zetlforschung



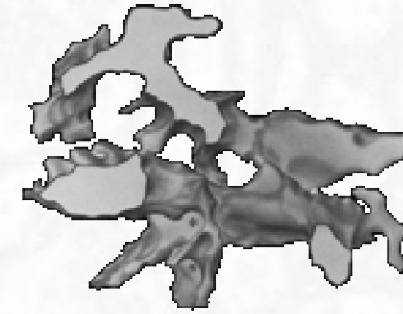
Astrocytic process, peripheral plexus

Spacek, Z. Zellforsch



Astrocytic process, cerebral cortex

Spacek, Anatomy and Embryology



Astrocytic process, cerebral cortex

1965

1968

1969

1971

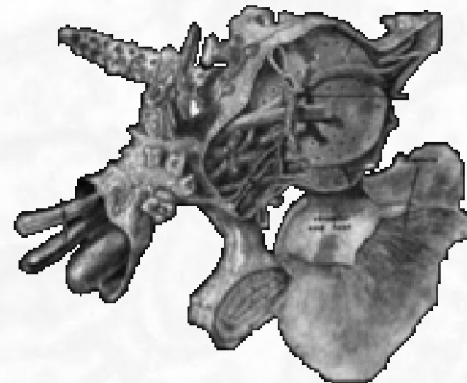
1985

Wolff, Zeitschrift fiir Zetlforschung



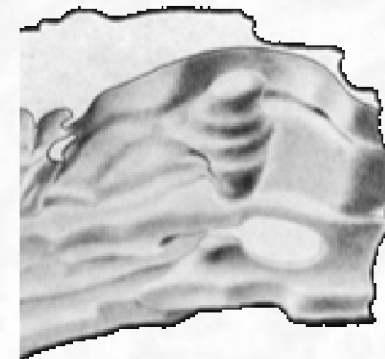
Astrocytic process, cerebral cortex

Poritsky, Journal of Comparative Neurology



Astrocytic process, peripheral plexus

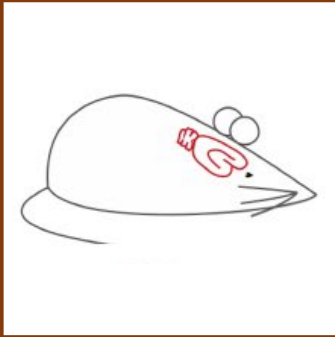
Spacek, Z. Zellforsch



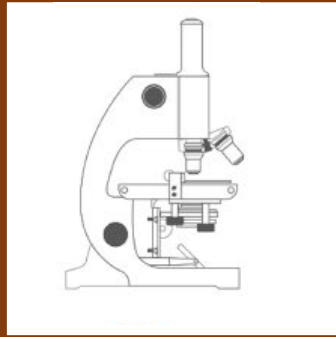
Astrocytic process, ventrobasal nucleus

3DEM on astrocytes is 55 years old.

Why is this a good moment to study the 3D Structure of astrocytes?



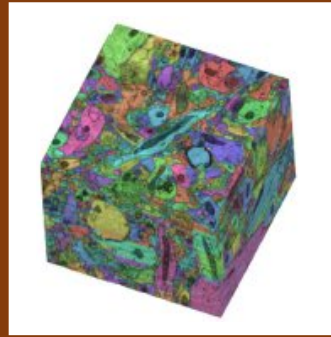
Mouse Brain



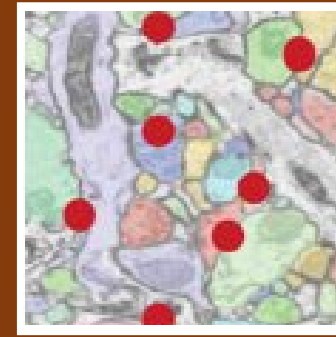
Electron
Microscope



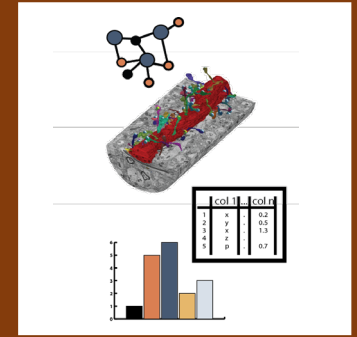
Volume



Segmentation

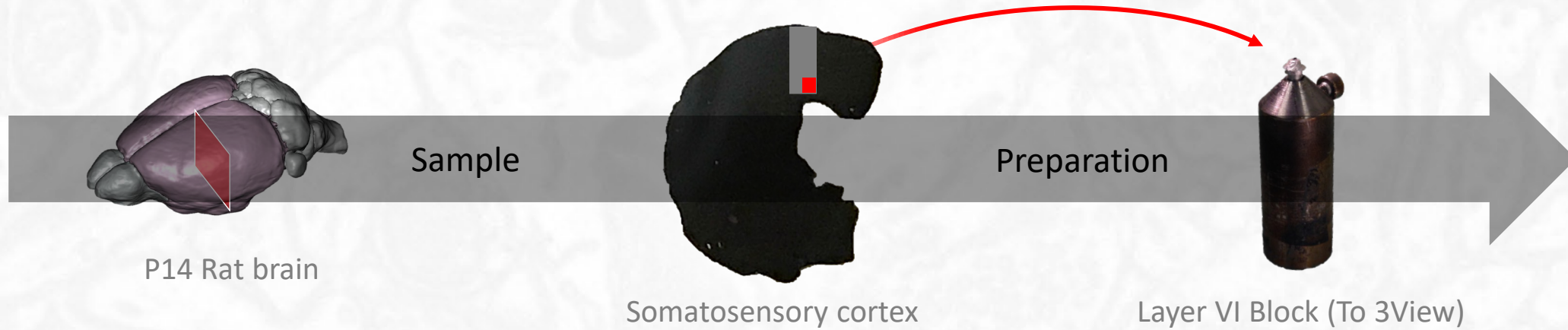


Labeling

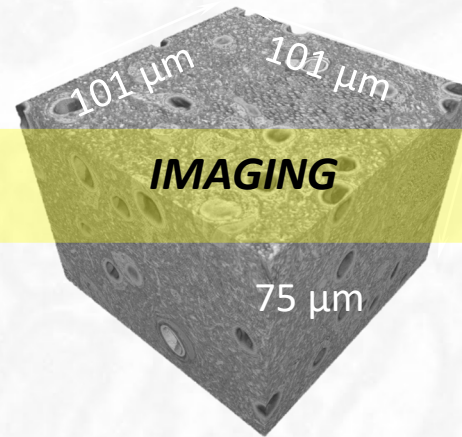


Visualization
& Analysis

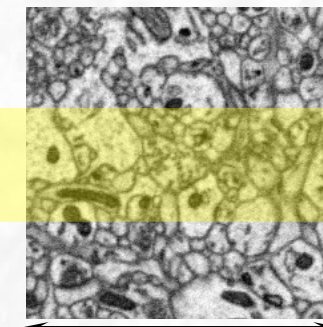
We **adapted** an approach developed for connectomics to develop analytical **techniques** for the study of the **ultrastructure of glial cells**



3View SEM



High resolution EM stack



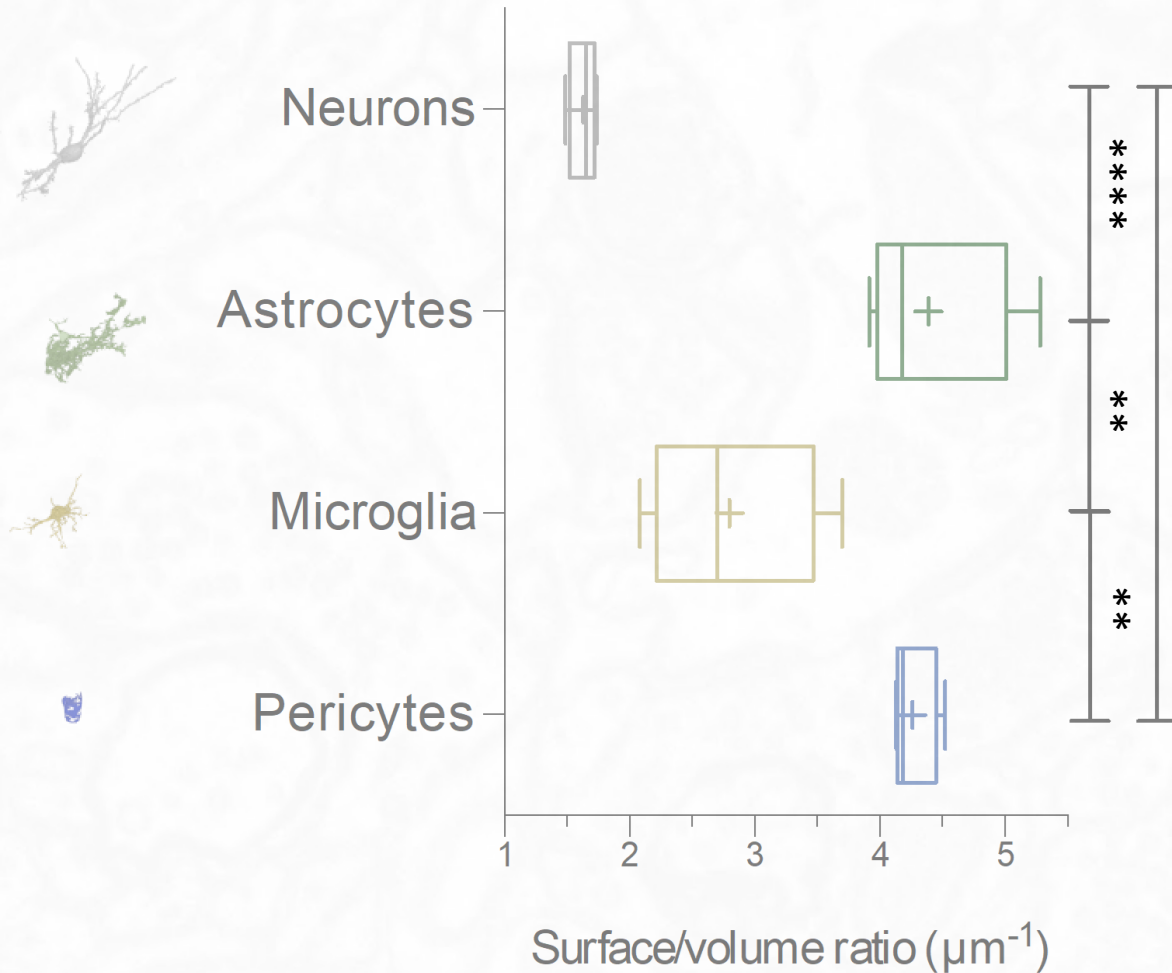
Segmentation



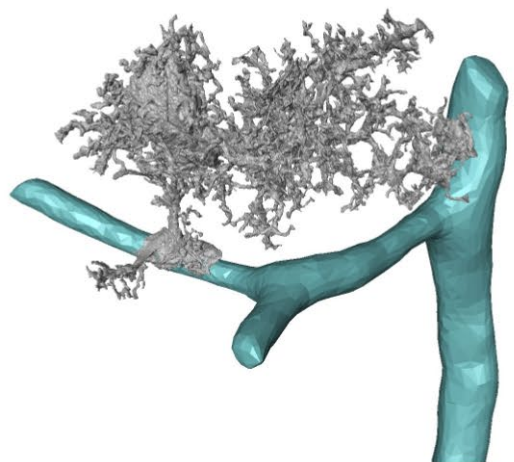
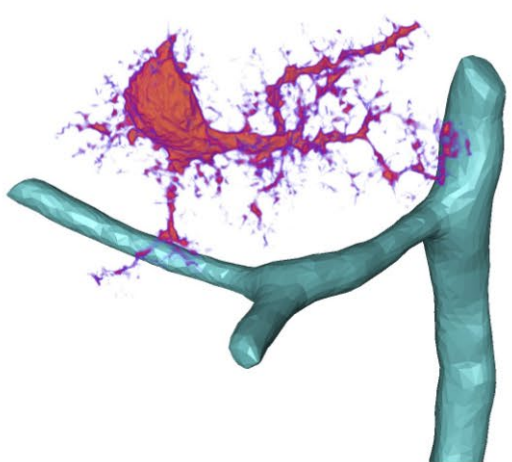
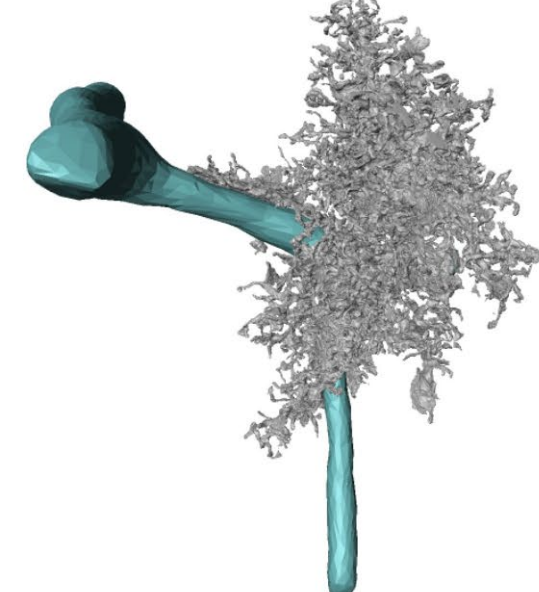
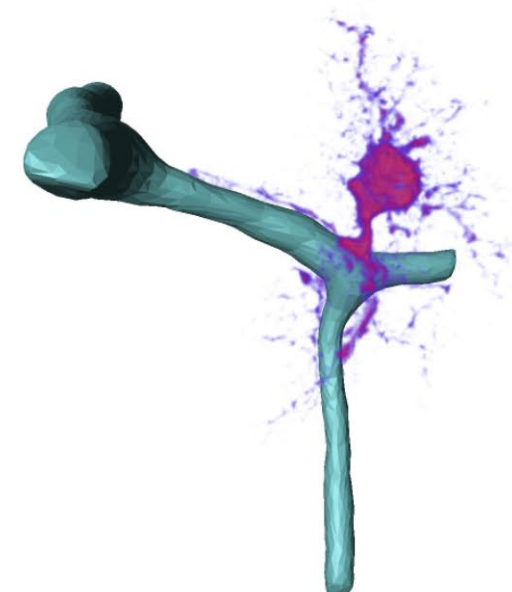
Manual pipeline:
TrakEM2
Slower, more reliable

Semi-automated pipeline:
iLastik, oversegmentation
TrakEM2, proofreading
Faster; proofreading very
labor-intensive

Structure	Reconstructed
Nuclei	186
Blood Vessels	2
Myelinated axons	213 (4 bundles)
Neurons	4
Astrocytes	4
Microglia	4
Pericytes	4
Full morphologies	16

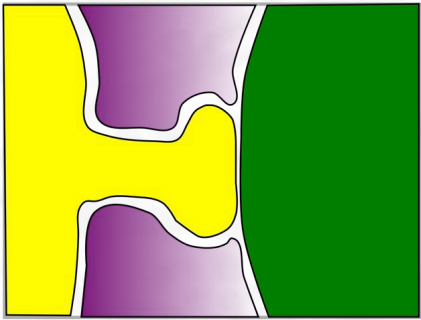


- Neurons have a less complex morphology and therefore a smaller surface to volume ratio
- Astrocytes have a much fractal morphology therefore a higher surface to volume ratio
- Is an index of how much the cell is interfacing with its environment versus its tendency of processing signals

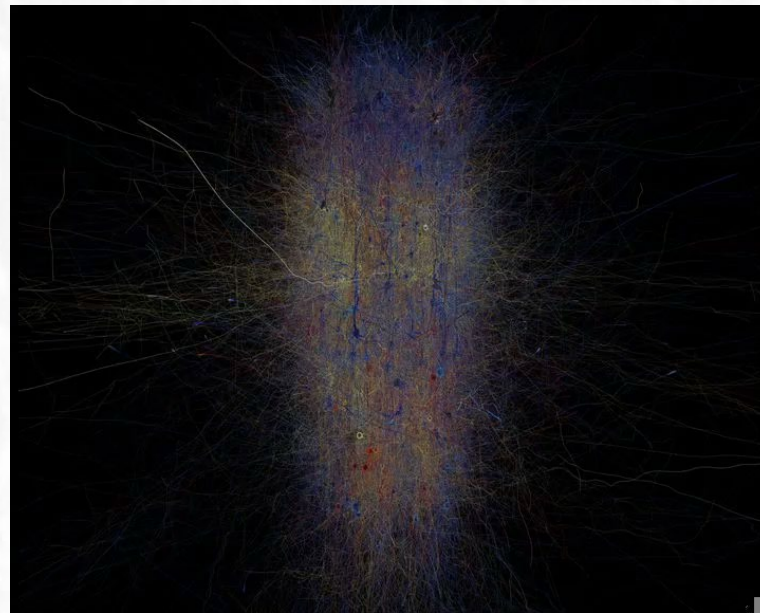
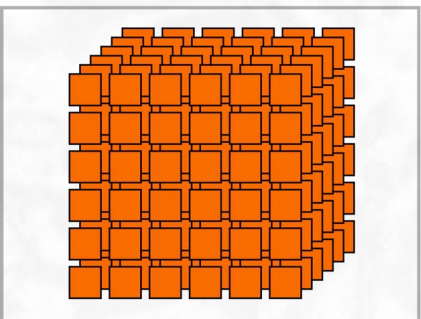
Full mesh	Thinned volume rendering	Qualitative Assessment
		<p>Astrocyte 1</p> <p>Primary processes: 4</p> <p>Total Branches: 1853</p> <p>Perivascular processes: 2</p>
		<p>Astrocyte 2</p> <p>Primary processes: 4</p> <p>Total Branches: 6001</p> <p>Perivascular processes: 1</p>

What is the value in providing a detailed morphological description of astrocytes?

Subcellular



Extracellular

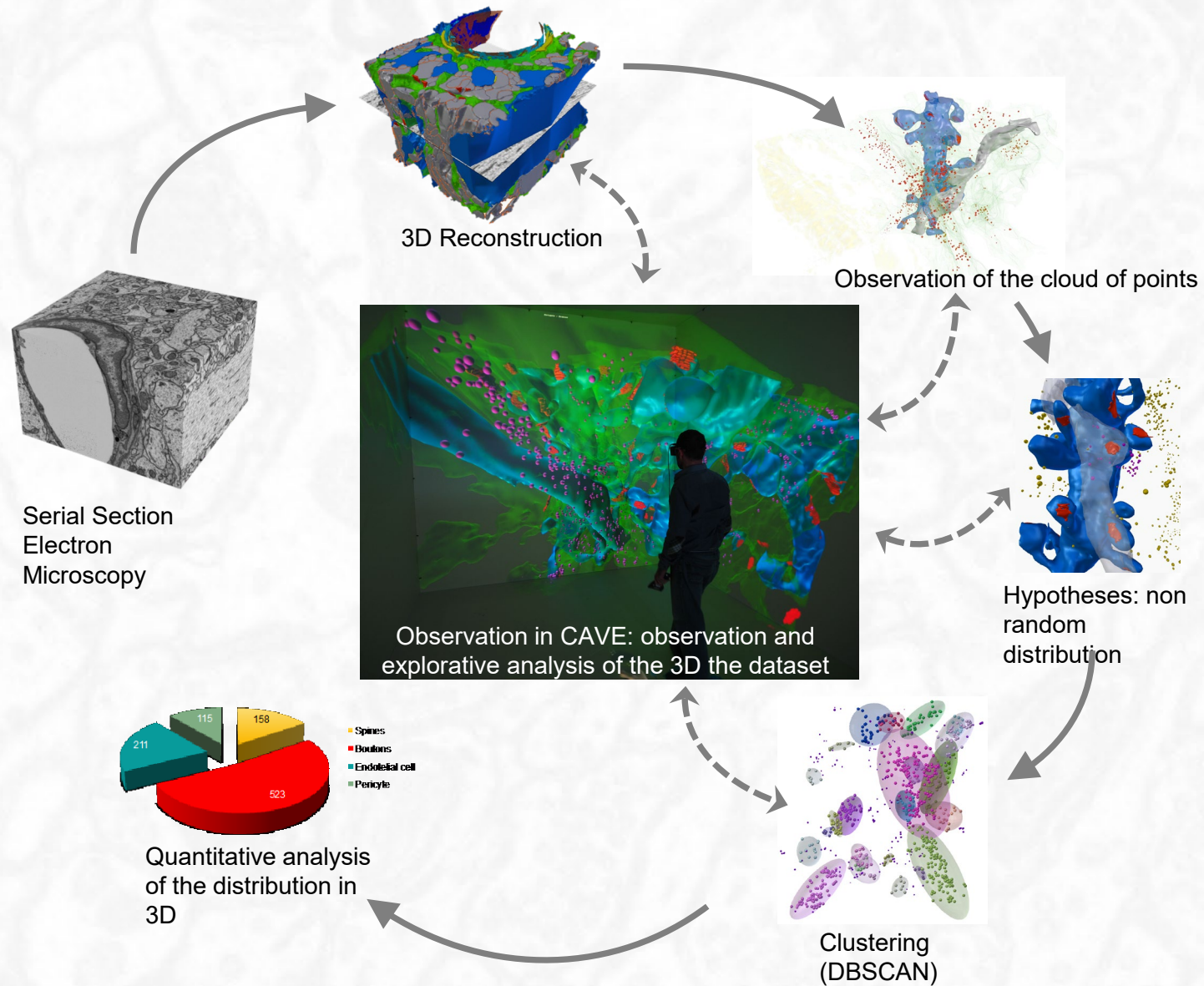


RTNeuron: simulation of a 1mm³ rat brain

Reconstruction and simulation of Neocortical Microcircuitry. Markram et al., 2015, *Cell*

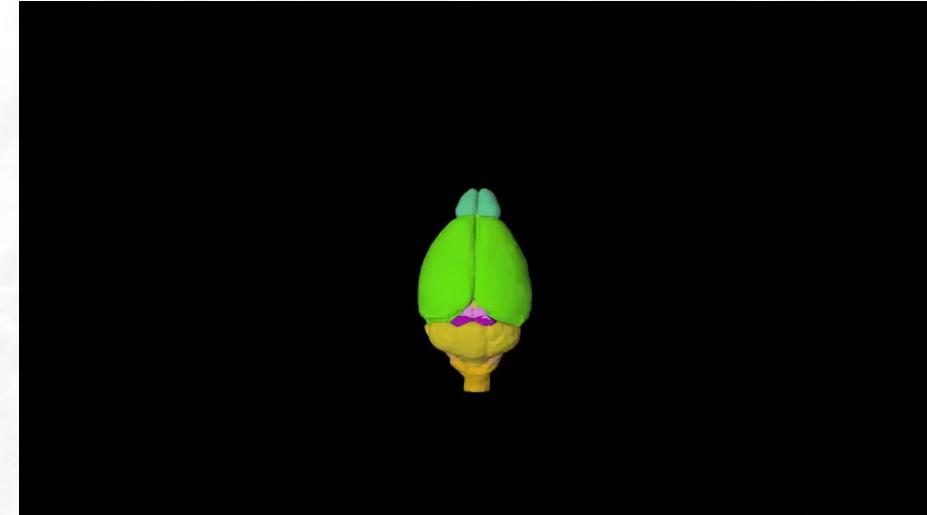
Compartmentalization: does it matter?

- Branching order (complexity)
- Microdomains/subdomains
 - Ontology
 - Function

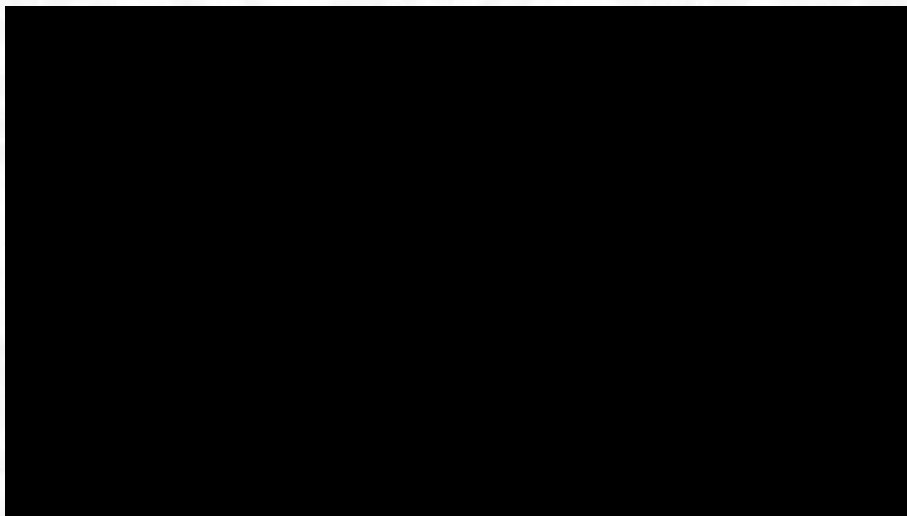


Collaborative analysis sessions on large-scale display

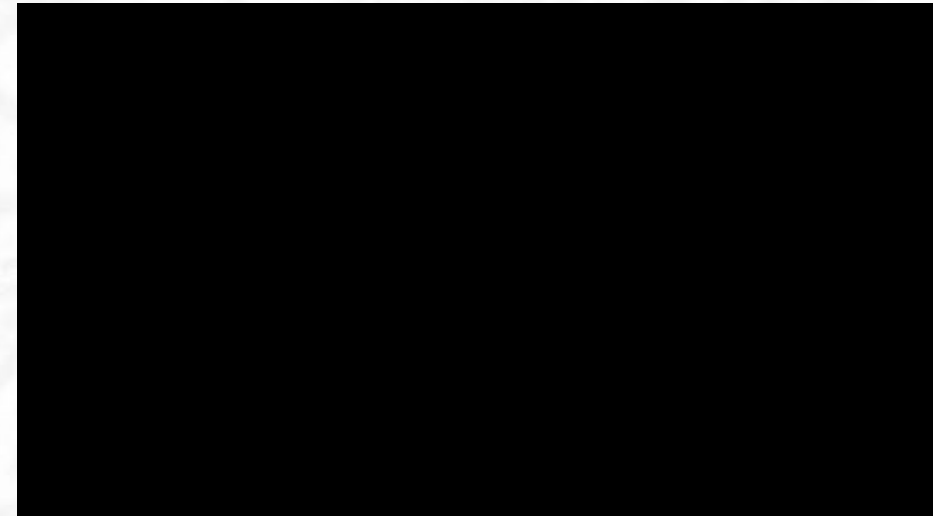
Agus, Calì et al., Computer Graphics Forum, 2019



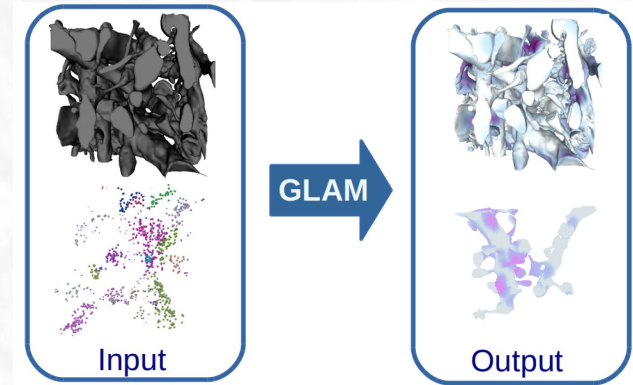
Calì et al., 2015 Journal of comparative neurology



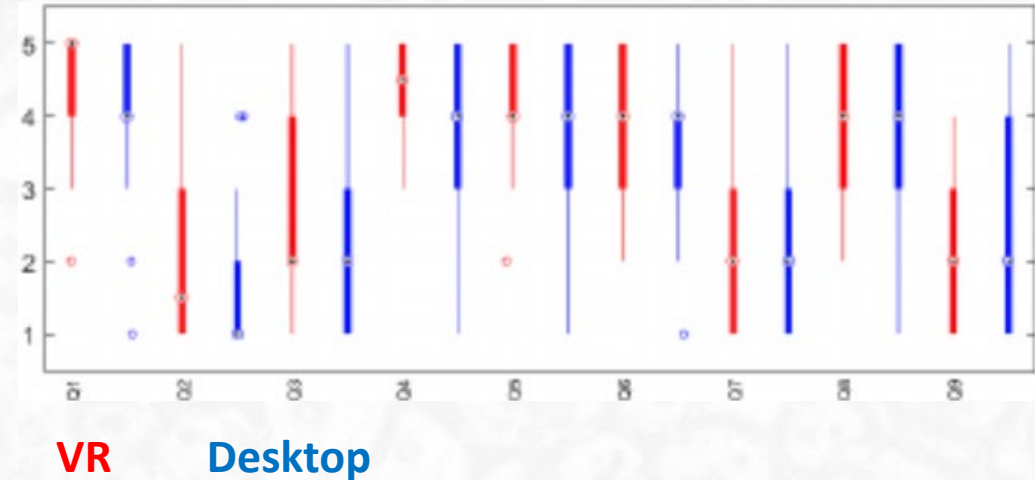
Calì et al., Progress in Neurobiology, 2019



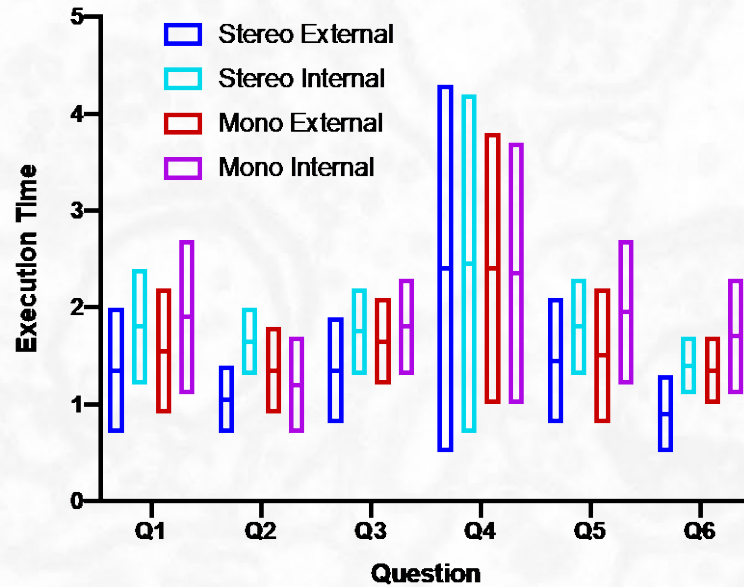
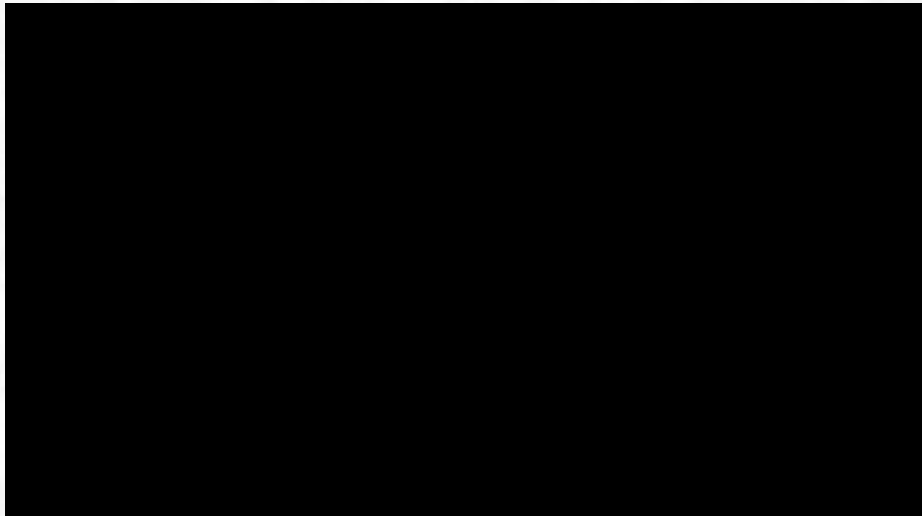
Boges et al., Computers & Graphics, 2020



Question	Results (Likert scale: 1=disagree 5=agree)					
	VR - HTC		Desktop- Mono		ANOVA	
	Avg	σ	Avg	σ	F(2, 27)	p
Q1: I think that i would like to use this application frequently.	4.384	0.726	4.115	1.066	1.48	0.235
Q2: I found the application unnecessarily complex.	1.923	1.274	1.654	0.955	1.204	0.283
Q3: I think that i would need technical support for using this application.	2.539	1.539	2.308	1.341	1.696	0.204
Q4: I like using the interface of this application.	4.345	0.555	3.846	1.655	4.684	0.04
Q5: I think that most people would learn to use this application quickly.	4.115	0.746	3.731	1.325	2.617	0.118
Q6: I felt very confident using the application.	4.154	0.855	3.692	1.101	5.294	0.03
Q7: I needed to learn a lot of things before I could use this application.	2.115	1.306	2.231	2.025	0.355	0.556
Q8: the information provided by the application was clear and helpful.	4.039	0.912	3.769	1.545	1.093	0.306
Q9: I felt it difficult to interact and control the system.	1.923	0.954	2.500	2.180	4.851	0.037



- Users overall preferred VR over desktop ("wow effect?")
- Astrocytes were easier to analyze in VR because of visual cluttering
- Few users suffered from "VR sickness"



Likert scale: 1=low, 5=high

Q1 : How mentally demanding was it?

Q2 : How physically demanding was it?

Q3 : How hurried was the pace?

Q4 : How successful were you?

Q5 : How hard did you have to work ?

Q6 : How stressed were you?



Augmented Reality for Neurosurgeons

Marzo 2021

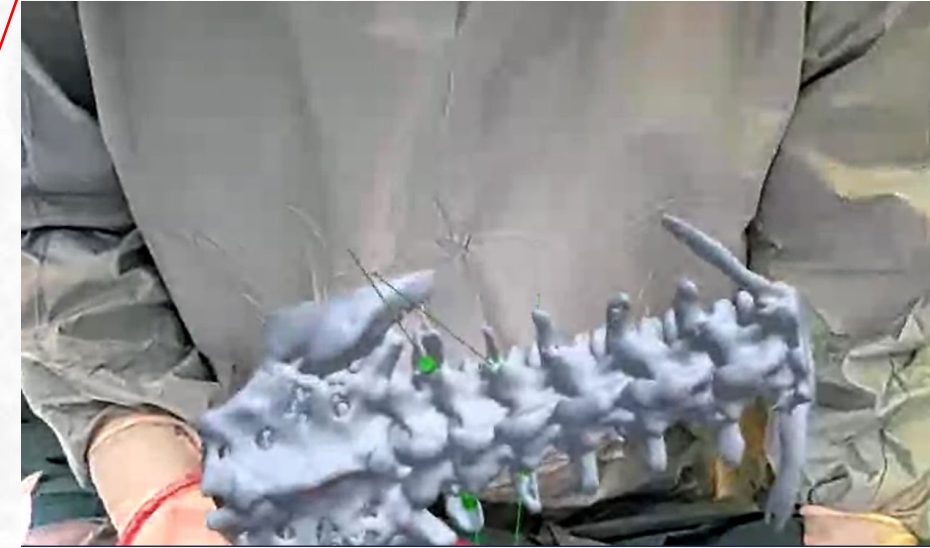
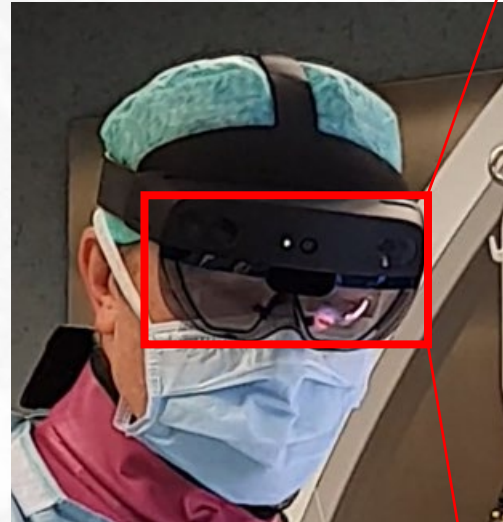
Dott. Paolo Regolo

Grandenigo (Humanitas), Torino

Lumbar Arthrodesis

Prototype: Hololens 2

Software: ARSistant (Xonne, Parma)



- **Navigation**

 - QR-Code

 - Fiducial points during imaging

- **5G Transmission**

 - Remote connection

 - Multituser room (education)

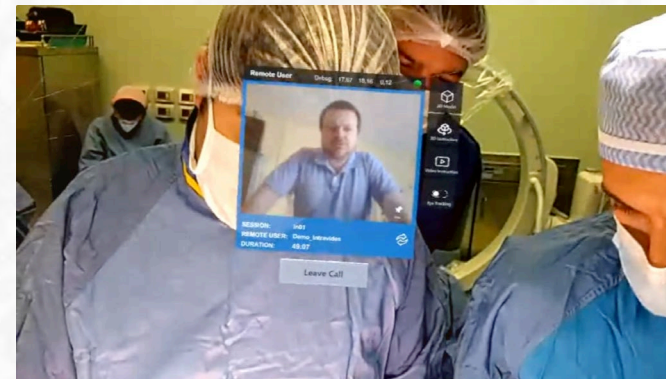
- **Alternative Use Cases**

 - Education (Human Anatomy, Workshop)

 - Surgery of other anatomical districts

 - Soft Tissue

 - Planning





Astrocytes 3D structure is highly fractal (high SVR)

Heterogeneity of subdomains/microdomains (SVR spans from 3 to 14)

VR / AR is a promising tool for ultrastructural analysis of their morphology

Quantitative analysis can be performed with custom tools depending on analytical needs



NICO
Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Brain Development and Disease Group

Alessandro Vercelli
Marina Boido
Serena Stanga
Roberta Schellino
Elena Signorino
Martina Lorenzati
Daniela Rasà
Anna Caretto
Giovanna Menduti

Master Students

Maria Fernanda Veloz Castillo
Jumana Baghabra
Rana Alrabeh

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VCC

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Ali Awami – PhD Student
Markus Hadwiger – PI



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Science and Technology

Interns

Nicolas Gagnon
Fernanda Vargas
Jose Maria Martinez De Paz
Mohammed Jawhari
Dana Almedallah
Danielle Gaitor
Tajamul Hussain
Hajar AlReefi
Jumanah Alsawaf
Fatima Albazron
Bayan Khojah

